

SITE DRAINANGE ANALYSIS ENERCLEAN THOMSON SUBDIVISION SW-1-9-21-W4M LETHBRIDGE COUNTY ALBERTA

Prepared for: Hypervac Technologies

File Number: 166543CE

Dated: August 2016

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I. PROJECT BACKGROUND AND DRAINAGE FEATURES

The Enerclean Thomson Subdivision is a proposed group country residential subdivision located 3 km east of Highway#4 (43rd St. S) and 1 km south of Highway #3 in Lethbridge County. The legal property description is Southwest Quarter of Section 1, Township 9, Range 21 West of the 4th Meridian. The property is bound by Range Road 21-1 to the west, the St. Mary River Irrigation District (SMRID) Northeast Lateral Canal to the east, and farmland/homestead to the north and south. See Figure 1 – Project Location. This drainage report is being submitted in support of The Enerclean Thomson Area Structure Plan (ASP) and rezoning application, for consideration by the Lethbridge County. The plan area is +/- 9.43 ha which includes two lots. The landowner is proposing to subdivide into a total of 4 lots and rezone the land from Lethbridge Urban Fringe (LUF) to Group Country Residential (GCR). The proposed lot layout is shown on Figure 2 – Proposed Subdivision. The purpose of this report is to provide stormwater management strategies to guide the future development of the Enerclean Thomson Subdivision.

A. Existing Features

The area presently includes two parcels (LUF) with one dwelling and one shop. The land is generally flat with ground slopes of 0.5% to 2.0%. The site is presently split in to two catchment areas which define the overland drainage boundaries. The south catchment (4.04 ha) drains to an existing low area along the east property line, which drains through an uncontrolled 300mm culvert to the SMRID Northeast Lateral Canal. The north catchment (5.41 ha) drains to a natural channel which is released through a manually operated sluice gate and 450mm culvert to the SMRID canal. The Northeast Lateral Canal flows northeasterly to the SMRID Northeast Reservoir (approximately 10 km north of Coaldale).

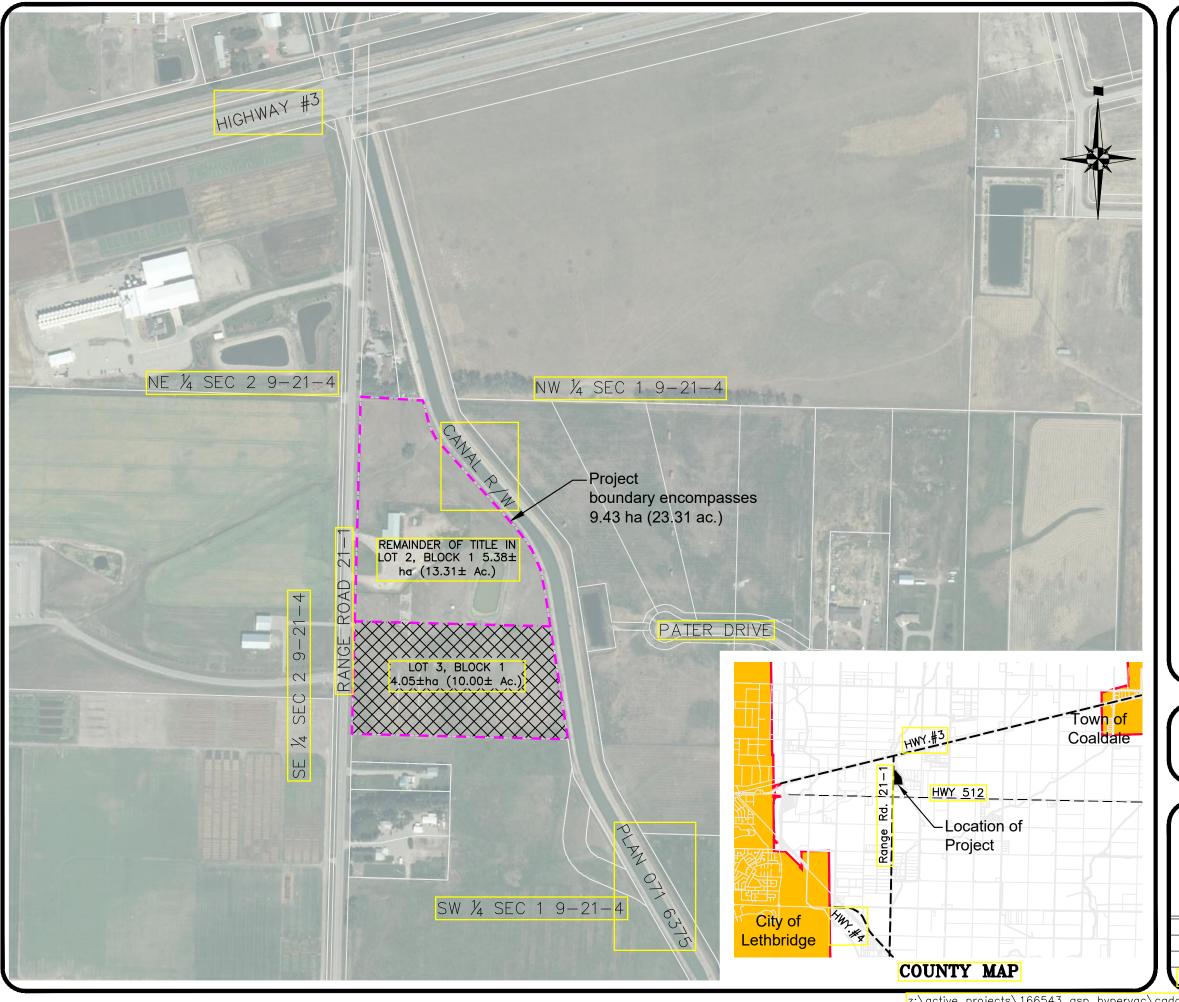
Offsite runoff is directed across the site from west to east along the natural channel. A 450mm culvert under Range Road 21-1 conveys surface water from the west along a grass swale. The swale extends about 1.5km southwest from a lake adjacent to the Lethbridge Correctional Center. The outlet of this lake has a sluice gate which would discharge to the grass swale when opened and ultimately flow across the natural channel at the Enerclean Thomson site and to the SMRID canal.

Existing soil descriptions for the area include loam and silt loam (L, SiL) Orthic Dark Brown Chernozem on medium textured sediments deposited by wind and water (LET), as defined in soil polygon 5865 and 5861^a. Soil classifications are used to determine infiltration rates for the purpose of this report. Furthermore, four boreholes^b have been completed on site to determine soil conditions for the purpose geotechnical investigations and general suitability of the proposed development. The four boreholes generally found 100mm topsoil above clay, with groundwater depths ranging from 1.5m to 4.5m. Soil reports are included in Appendix B – Soil Information. A topographical site survey has been completed by Martin Geomatic Consultants Ltd^c and an existing surface terrain model has been created to define drainage boundaries, storage depressions and flow conveyance routes as shown in Figure 3 – Existing Site Features.

^a Alberta Soil Information Viewer, Alberta Agriculture and Forestry, http://www4.agric.gov.ab.ca/agrasidviewer

^b Geotechnical Investigation, Propsed Rural Subdivision, Part of SW-1-9-21-W4, Range Rd 21-1, near Lethbridge, A, Amec Foster Wheeler, August 2016.

^c MGCL topographical site survey, May 2016.



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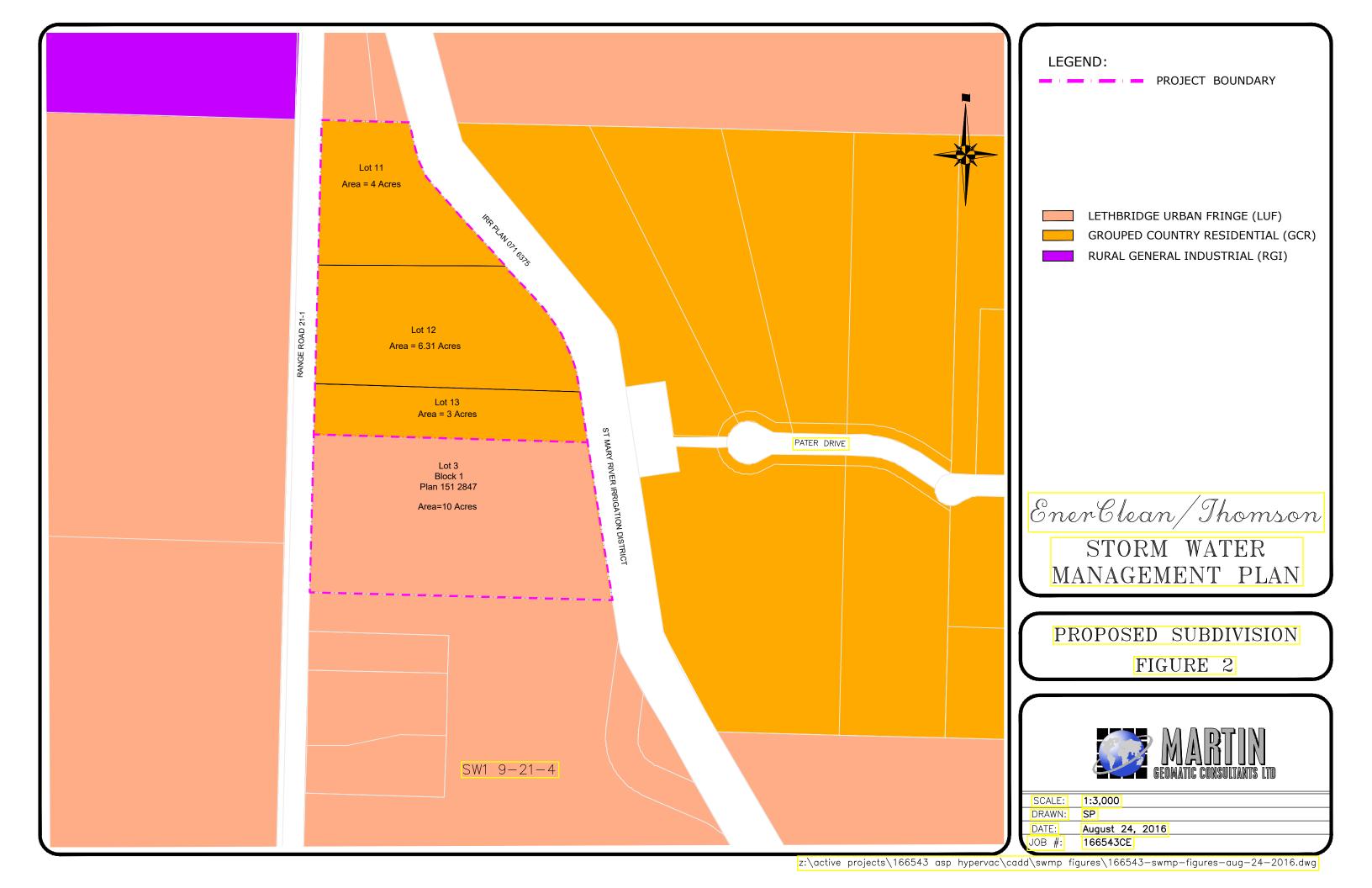
PROJECT BOUNDARY

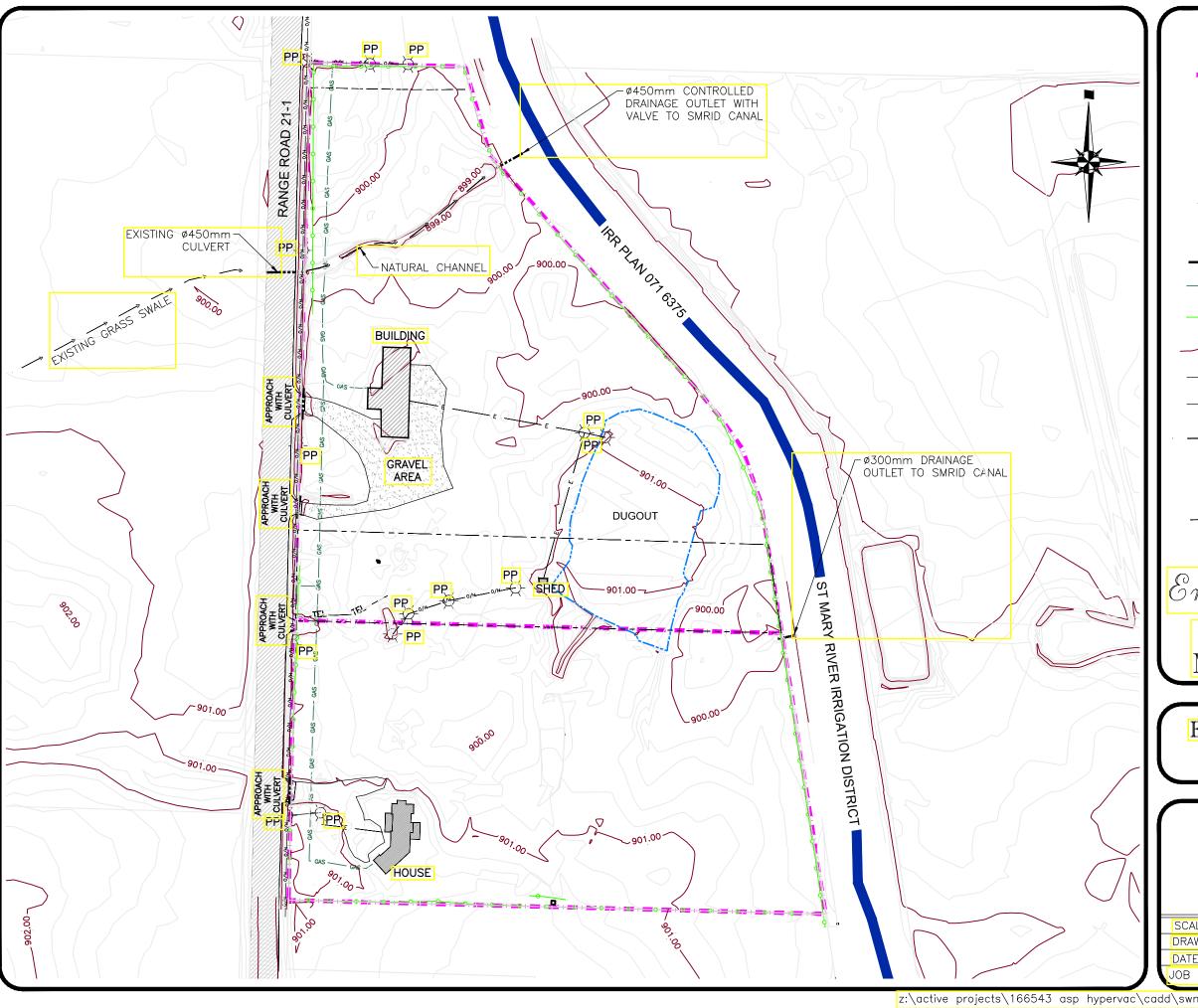
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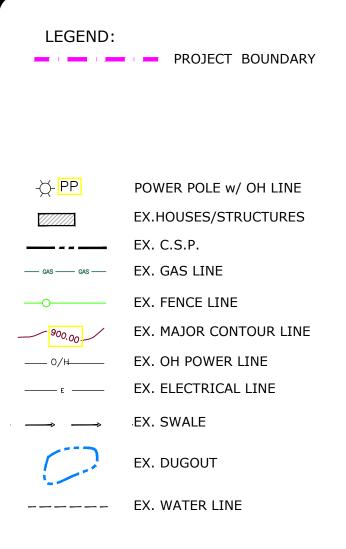
STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

PROJECT LOCATION
FIGURE 1









Ener Clean/Ihomson

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

EXISTING SITE FEATURES
FIGURE 3



	SCALE:	1:2,000
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,	JOB #:	166543CE
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B. Proposed Development

The proposed development will subdivide the existing parcels into 4 Group Country Residential lots ranging in size from about 1 ha to 4 ha. All of the 4 proposed lots have frontage and direct access on to Range Road 21-1 with approaches. There are no internal access or circulation roads proposed within the development. From a drainage perspective, the runoff discharge rates and volumes will be affected as a result of the development, due to an increase in the amount of impervious areas for the plan area with the addition of hard surfaces including building roofs and driveways. To mitigate this, the development will include detention storage on site with controlled release which is designed to not exceed the pre-development levels. The detention storage areas are located at the low areas of the site and adjacent to the existing drainage outlet locations which release to the SMRID Northeast Lateral Canal. The detention ponds will be built with shallow depressions and berms that are designed to minimize the earthwork efforts and to provide a usable lawn space for residents when the pond is dry. Grass swales will be created to direct runoff away from the buildings and to the designated storage areas. Figure 4 - Proposed Stormwater Upgrades shows the location of proposed detention ponds.

II. METHODOLOGY

Drainage analysis of the proposed development has been completed to determine runoff, storage, and discharge rates for pre and post-development conditions. Existing site analysis (pre-development) has been analyzed to determine a benchmark for allowable release rates at the post development conditions. A stormwater management model^d has been built to assist with the analysis. The following parameters are included in the modeling:

- 1. Synthetic Design Storm Chicago Method: 24-hour duration, 100-year return period, (IDF Parameters A = 1019.20, B = 0, C = 0.731)^e
- 2. Rainfall time step = 5 minutes
- 3. Simulation duration = 24 hrs
- 4. Routing Method: Dynamic Wave
- 5. No effect of Evaporation and Groundwater
- 6. Total Catchment area = 9.45ha
- 7. Infiltration Method: Green Ampt
- 8. Manning's N Impervious = 0.015
- 9. Manning's N Pervious = 0.15 (undeveloped), 0.1 (developed)
- 10. Depression Storage Pervious = 5mm (undeveloped), 3.8mm (developed)
- 11. Depression Storage Impervious = 0.77*(S%) -0.49

A. Sub-Catchments

The existing (pre-development) and proposed site (post-development) models have been developed to simulate drainage patterns in response to a single event 100yr synthetic design storm. The following tables show the sub catchment parameters assumed in the pre and post-development models:

^d EPA Storm Water Management Model – Version 5.0 (Build 5.0.22)

^e 2016 Design Standards, City of Lethbridge.

Table 1 – Pre Development Sub-Catchment Parameters								
Sub- Catchment ID	Area (ha)	Flow Path (m)	Slope (%)	Soil	H.Con (mm/hr)	S.Head (mm)	IMD	
Pre-1 Pre-2	5.41 4.04	228 234	0.6 0.5	L, SiL L, SiL	10.0 10.0	127.9 127.9	0.36 0.36	

Table 2 – Post Development Sub-Catchment Parameters								
Sub- Catchment Area Path Slope Soil H.Con S.Head IMD								
(ha)	(m)	(%)		(mm/hr)	(mm)			
4.64	90	1.3	L, SiL	10.0	127.9	0.36		
0.77	228	0.6	L, SiL	10.0	127.9	0.36		
4.04	365	0.71	L, SiL	10.0	127.9	0.36		
	Area (ha) 4.64 0.77	Area Flow Path (ha) (m) 4.64 90 0.77 228	Area Flow Path Slope (ha) (m) (%) 4.64 90 1.3 0.77 228 0.6	Area Path Slope Soil (ha) (m) (%) 4.64 90 1.3 L, SiL 0.77 228 0.6 L, SiL	Area Path Slope Soil H.Con (ha) (m) (%) (mm/hr) 4.64 90 1.3 L, SiL 10.0 0.77 228 0.6 L, SiL 10.0	Area Path Slope Soil H.Con S.Head (ha) (m) (%) (mm/hr) (mm) 4.64 90 1.3 L, SiL 10.0 127.9 0.77 228 0.6 L, SiL 10.0 127.9		

The source information for the above tables includes:

Area (ha) & Flow Path (m): measured

Slope (%): calculated from field survey

Soil Texture: Alberta Soil Viewer & boreholes

Hydraulic Conductivity (mm/hr) & Suction Head (mm): Soil properties^f

Initial Moisture Deficit: Typical soil characteristics⁹

Pre-development impervious area: 5%^h

Post-development impervious area: 20% (estimated)

III. RESULTS

The model results are presented in the following tables. Details of the rainfall runoff modeling are included in Appendix B - SWMM Model Results.

^f Rawls, W.J. et al., (1983). J. Hyd. Engr., 109:1316

⁹ XP SWMM Soultions, http://help.xpsolutions.com/display/xps2015/Infiltration

^h 2016 Design Standards, City of Lethbridge.

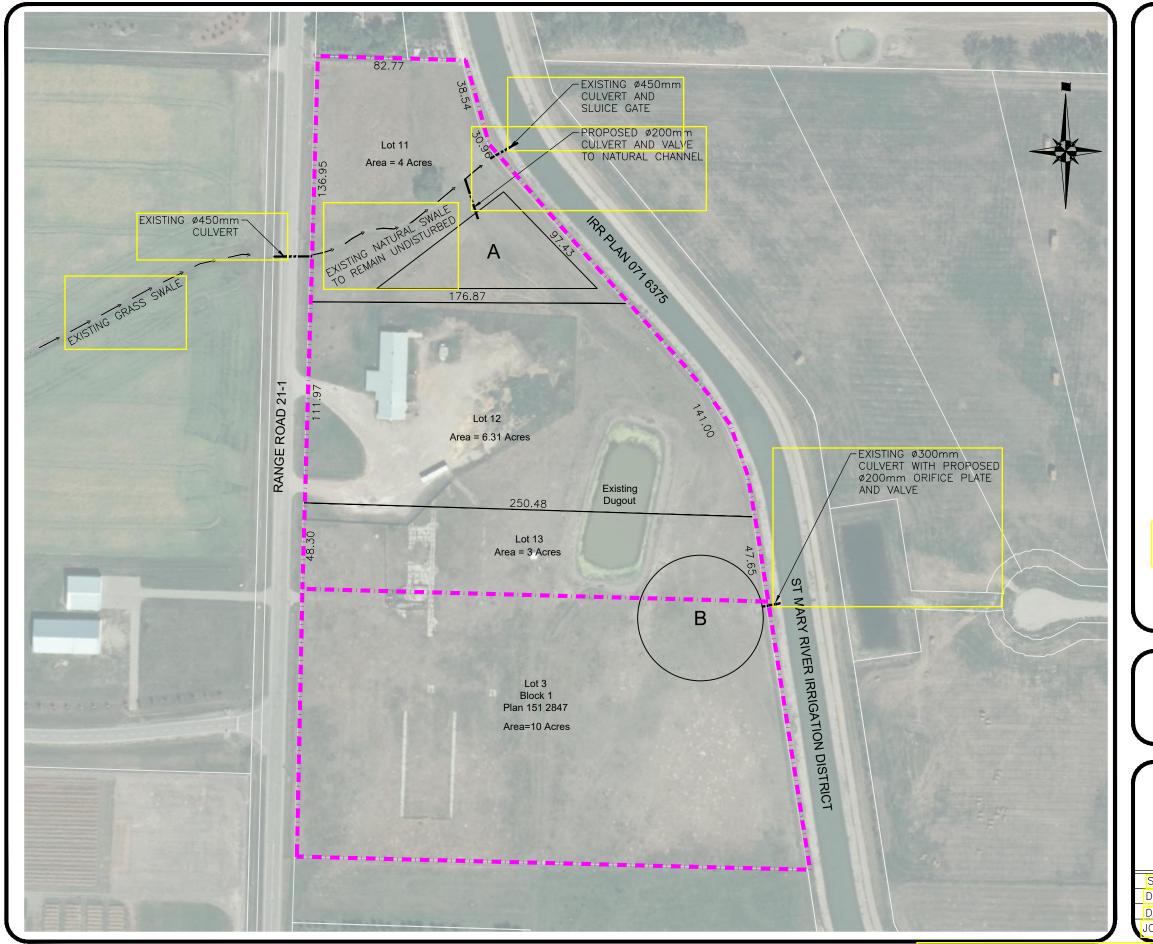
A. Pre and Post Development Runoff

Table 3 presents the pre-development model results for the sub-catchment runoff generated from a 24 hour duration 100 year storm. Existing subcatchment areas are shown in the attached Appendix.

Table 3 – Pre-Development Runoff							
Sub Catchment ID	Pre-1	Pre-2	TOTAL				
Desc.	North	South	-				
Area (ha)	5.41	4.04	9.45				
Precipitation (mm)	120.15	120.15	120.15				
Infiltration (mm)	92.43	93.15	92.64				
Runoff Depth (mm)	27.84	27.09	27.51				
Runoff Volume (m³)	1,510	1,090	2,600				
Peak Runoff (m³/s)	0.39	0.28	-				

Table 4 presents the sub-catchment model results for the post-development runoff generated from a 24 hour duration 100 year storm. Proposed subcatchment areas are shown in the attached Appendix.

Table 4 – Post-Development Runoff							
Sub Catchment ID	Post-1a	Post-1b	Post-2	TOTAL			
Desc.	Center	North	South	-			
Area (ha)	4.64	0.77	4.04	9.45			
Precipitation (mm)	120.15	120.15	120.15	120.15			
Infiltration (mm)	74.65	70.79	75.15	74.45			
Runoff Depth (mm)	45.64	50.05	45.09	45.71			
Runoff Volume (m³)	2,120	380	1,820	4,320			
Peak Runoff (m³/s)	0.92	0.25	0.77	-			



LEGEND:

PROJECT BOUNDARY

Retention Pond 'A' (Prop. N)

V_{HWL} = 1,300m³

A_{HWL} = 3,300m²

d_{HWL} = 0.42m

Retention Pond 'B' (Prop. S) $V_{HWL} = 1,000 \text{m}^3$ $A_{HWL} = 3,700 \text{m}^2$ $d_{HWL} = 0.56 \text{m}$

EnerClean/Ihomson
STORM WATER
MANAGEMENT PLAN

PROPOSED STORM WATER UPGRADES
FIGURE 4



 SCALE:
 1:2,000

 DRAWN:
 SP

 DATE:
 August 24, 2016

 JOB #:
 166543CE

B. Proposed Storage Units

Table 5 displays the proposed detention ponds in response to the 100 year event as shown on Figure 4 – Proposed Stormwater Upgrades.

Table 5 – Proposed Storage Units									
Storage Unit	Outlet	Max. Depth (m)	Invert El. NWL (m)	Max. HGL EI. (m)	Area bottom (m²)	Area HWL (m²)	Max. Volume (m³)	Min. FF El. (m)	
Prop.N	200mm	0.42	899.00	899.42	2,900	3,300	1,292	900.42	
Prop.S	200mm	0.56	899.65	900.21	15	3,700	984	901.21	
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,276	-	

NWL = Normal water level

HWL = High water level

HGL = Hydraulic grade line

Min. FF EI. = Minimum finished floor of buildings adjacent to ponds

FF = Finished floor

C. Pre and Post Development Runoff

The pre and post development discharge rates to the SMRID canal are shown below.

Table 6 – Release Rates							
Outlet Description	Qpeak (m³/s)						
	Pre - Development	Post - Development	Net Change				
North 450mm Culvert to SMRID Canal	0.264	0.189	-0.075				
South 300mm Culvert to SMRID Canal	0.094	0.061	-0.033				

IV. RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that the developer(s) provide a combined total of 2,300 m³ of active stormwater storage to retain the runoff on-site and release at or below the pre-development rates generated from a 1 in 100 year 24 hour storm as outlined in this report. The piped outlets from the ponds will include isolation valves which will be normally open, but can be closed as required by Lethbridge County and SMRID. Detailed designs including detention ponds, outlets, swales and grading plans are recommended prior to construction, which should generally follow the preliminary concepts outlined in this report. The high-water (HWL) level of such detention ponds shall be a minimum of 1.0 m below finished floor (FF) elevations of adjacent buildings. Emergency escape routes shall be provided for a suitable outlet from each pond in the event of flooding.

V. CLOSING

We trust that this report meets the requirements of the Area Structure Plan. Should you require any further information, please contact the undersigned.

Per:	Reviewed by:
(Original signed and sealed August 25, 2016)	(Original signed and sealed August 25, 2016)
Matt Redgrave, P.Eng. Project Manager	Ray Martin, P.Eng. Vice-President

MARTIN GEOMATIC CONSULTANTS LTD. Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Alberta Permit to Practice P05852

Description for Soil Polygon: 5861

LET4/U1h

Orthic Dark Brown Chernozem on medium textured (L, SiL) sediments deposited by wind and water (LET). The polygon includes soils with Rego profiles (4).

Undulating, high relief landform with a limiting slope of 4% (U1h).

Example site picture(s)

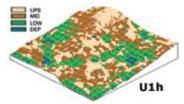
There may be more than one example since different field locations may all fall into the same landform classification.



Click on picture(s) above for larger image.

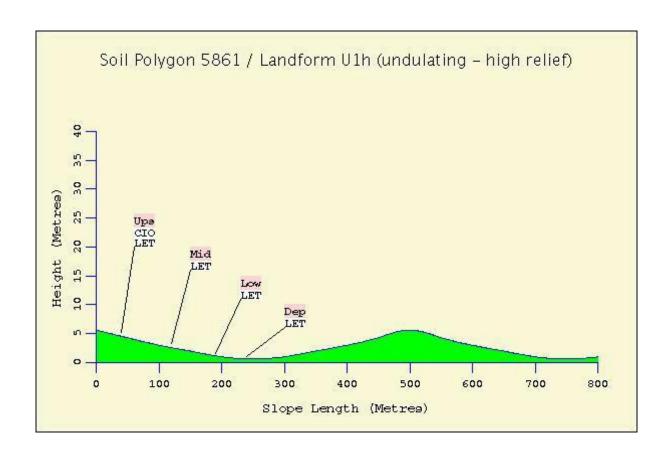
Example 3D picture

Digital elevation picture showing slope distribution.



Click on picture(s) above for larger image.

Landform profile and soil distribution



Print Close Window

Description for Soil Polygon: 5865

LET5/U1I

Orthic Dark Brown Chernozem on medium textured (L, SiL) sediments deposited by wind and water (LET). The polygon includes soils that are finer textured than the dominant or co-dominant soils (5). Undulating, low relief landform with a limiting slope of 2% (U1I).

Example site picture(s)

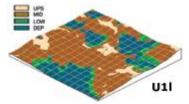
There may be more than one example since different field locations may all fall into the same landform classification.



Click on picture(s) above for larger image.

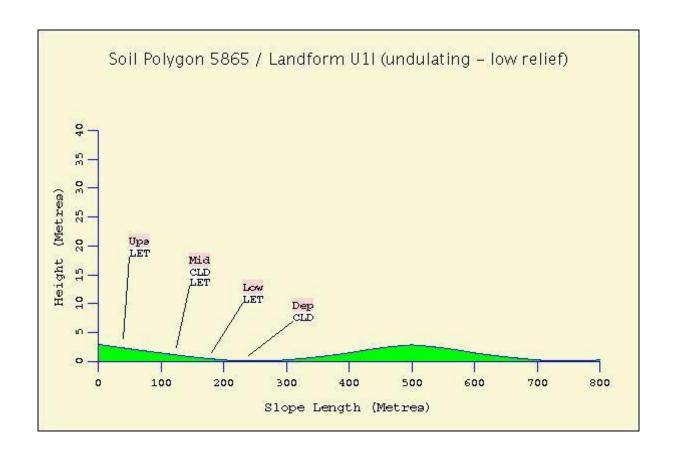
Example 3D picture

Digital elevation picture showing slope distribution.



Click on picture(s) above for larger image.

Landform profile and soil distribution



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August 22, 2016

Amec Foster Wheeler File: BX30428

Martin Geomatic Consultants Ltd. 255 – 31 Street North Lethbridge, AB, T1H 3Z4 amec foster wheeler

Attention: Mr. Ed Martin, P.Eng.

RE: GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

Proposed Rural Subdivision

Part of SW-1-9-21-W4, Range Rd 21-1, near Lethbridge, AB

1.0 INTRODUCTION

At the request of Martin Geomatic Consultants Ltd., Amec Foster Wheeler Environment & Infrastructure (Amec Foster Wheeler) has carried out a geotechnical investigation to support the development of a rural residential subdivision at the above-captioned site.

Based on information provided to Amec Foster Wheeler, it is understood that the subject land area encompasses about 9.3 ha, and is currently made of up two parcels. It is understood that the north parcel (about 5.4 ha) will be subdivided into three rural residential building lots, as illustrated on Figure 1, attached. The three new lots will range in area between about 1.2 ha and 2.6 ha.

It is understood that the current geotechnical investigation will be used to support the proposed subdivision application.

2.0 METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS

2.1 Methodology

In order to assess the subsurface soil and groundwater conditions at the site, Amec Foster Wheeler visited the site on August 3, 2016 and monitored the drilling a series of four boreholes at the locations denoted on Figure 1 as BH16-01 to BH16-04, inclusive.

The boreholes were advanced using a truck-mounted drill equipped with continuous flight solid stem augers, and extended to depths of 4.5 m to 5.0 m below existing grade. During the drilling, disturbed soil samples were collected from the auger flights. In addition, Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were also carried out at regular intervals to assess the soil consistency/compactness, and obtain to representative samples for identification.

Upon completion of the drilling, 25 mm diameter hand-slotted standpipes were inserted into three of the boreholes (BH16-01, BH16-02, and BH16-04) to facilitate measurement of the depth

Amec Foster Wheeler Environment & Infrastructure A division of Amec Foster Wheeler Americas Ltd. 469 – 40th Street South Lethbridge, AB, CANADA T1J 4M1 Tel +1 (403) 327-7474

Fax +1 (403) 327-7682



to the groundwater table. The annular space was backfilled with the auger cuttings with a bentonite cap at the surface. The remaining boreholes were backfilled with the auger cuttings.

The drilling was carried out under the supervision of an Amec Foster Wheeler technician, who collected the soil samples and logged the subsurface conditions. The recovered soil samples were transported to Amec Foster Wheeler's Lethbridge laboratory for further review by a geotechnical engineer and selected laboratory classification testing. Laboratory testing for this project consisted of routine moisture content determinations and Atterberg Limits testing, with results presented on the appended borehole logs.

Samples remaining will be stored for a period of three months following this report at which time they will be discarded unless we are requested otherwise by the Client.

2.2 Soil and Groundwater Conditions

The subsurface conditions encountered are detailed on the attached borehole logs and summarized in the following paragraphs. It must be noted that boundaries of soil indicated on the borehole logs are inferred from non-contiguous sampling and observations during drilling. These boundaries are intended to reflect transition zones for the purposes of geotechnical design, and should not be interpreted as exact planes of geological change.

The boreholes were each surfaced with a 100 mm thick layer of topsoil.

Underlying the topsoil a 0.65 m thick layer of clay fill was observed at borehole BH16-01. The clay fill was described as medium plastic, silty and sandy, mottled, brown, and moist. The consistency of the clay fill was described as firm (based on tactile observations, and observed drill resistance).

The predominant natural mineral soil encountered underlying the topsoil was clay becoming clay till at depth. The clay and clay till was described as medium plastic, silty and sandy with trace gravel, oxide and coal inclusions, and brown. The consistency of the clay and clay till was described as firm to very stiff (based on tactile observations, observed drill resistance, and SPT N-values ranging between 6 and 28 blows per 300 mm of sampler penetration and pocket penetrometer readings ranging between about 2 kg/cm² and 2.5 kg/cm²). In general, the lower N-values (6 to 16) were observed at depths of 1.5 m and 3 m, with higher N-values (16 to 28) recorded beginning at and below the 3 m test depth.).

Based on laboratory testing, the *in situ* water content of the clay and clay till ranged between about 16.5 percent and 24 percent, generally indicative of moist soil conditions.

The results of Atterberg Limits testing carried out on two representative samples of the clay till are provided on the borehole logs, and detailed in the following table. The results of the Atterberg Limits testing indicated that the clay till is of medium plasticity.



Table 1: Atterberg Limits

Borehole / Sample No.	Liquid Limit, w∟	Plasticity Index, I _P	Moisture Content, w
BH16-02/S2	33%	18%	23.4%
BH16-04/S2	38%	22%	23.1%

The boreholes were each terminated in the clay till stratum.

Details of groundwater seepage are provided on the borehole logs. As noted on the logs, slight groundwater seepage was observed in boreholes BH16-01 and BH16-02 from a depth of about 1.5 m to 2.0 m below existing grade while the remaining boreholes were open and dry upon completion of the drilling.

As indicated previously, 25 mm diameter hand-slotted standpipes were installed in three boreholes (BH16-01 BH16-02 and BH16-04) to facilitate measurement of the depth to groundwater. The standpipes were monitored on August 18, 2016, (about two weeks following the drilling) at which time groundwater was measured at depths of about 2.1 m and 4.5 m below grade at boreholes BH16-01 and BH16-04, respectively. While the remaining standpipe was dry.

It is noted that groundwater conditions are expected to fluctuate seasonally in response to spring thaw and periods of heavy precipitation, and may differ at the time of construction.

3.0 GEOTECHNICAL DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on information provided to Amec Foster Wheeler, it is understood that the subject land area encompasses about 9.3 ha, and is currently made of up two parcels. It is understood that the north parcel (about 5.4 ha) will be subdivided into three rural residential building lots, as illustrated on Figure 1, attached. The three new lots will range in area between about 1.2 ha and 2.6 ha.

Based on the results of the current investigation, the subject site is considered generally suitable for the proposed subdivision and rural residential development.

Based on our understanding of the proposed development as discussed above and in conjunction with the results of the current investigation, the following paragraphs provide preliminary geotechnical discussion and recommendations pertaining to residential construction and onsite sanitary sewage disposal.

3.1 Residential Construction – Preliminary Comments

For preliminary design purposes, the following general discussion and recommendations are offered to support the development of single family residential and related ancillary structures within the study area site. Specific, detailed geotechnical investigations are required for non-



residential developments in the subdivision, and may be needed for some residential structures if there are unusual design features associated with the residence.

Conventional Strip and Spread Footing Foundations

Based on AMECs review of the soil conditions within the widely spaced boreholes at the site, the natural occurring clay and clay till encountered within the boreholes is generally considered suitable for the support of conventional strip and spread footings for proposed single family residences. For preliminary design, a Serviceability Limit States (SLS) bearing pressure of 75 kPa is recommended, with a corresponding unfactored Ultimate Limit States (ULS) bearing pressure of 225 kPa. A geotechnical resistance factor of 0.5 should be applied to the ULS bearing pressure, per current building code requirements.

As indicated above, further investigation and/or review of the bearing soils associated with any non-residential structures will be required to support detailed design of the various proposed structures.

For protection against frost action, perimeter footings in heated areas should be extended to provide at least 1.5 m of soil cover. For any unheated buildings or portions of the building, footings should have at least 2.1 m of soil cover. Alternatively, insulation can be used to reduce the thickness of soil cover required.

Damp-Proofing and Drainage

While only minor groundwater was encountered during the current investigation, the installation of weeping tile around residences is still recommended, regardless of groundwater elevation. The requirements for weeping tile installation are outlined in Section 9.14 of the Alberta Building Code. Weeping tiles must discharge to either a gravity outlet, or to a pumped sump, in accordance with local regulatory requirements.

In conjunction with installation of weeping tile, below grade foundation walls around basements require damp proofing, in accordance with the current Alberta Building Code.

Weeping tile flow due to surface water infiltration along foundation walls can be minimized by providing a modest amount of compaction to the exterior foundation wall backfill, thus minimizing future settlement of the backfill. The backfill within two metres of the residence foundation should be graded away from the foundation at approximately a ten percent slope. Downspout roof leaders should discharge onto splash pads at least a metre from the foundation walls.

Construction of Slabs-on-Grade

In general, it is anticipated that engineered fill or the natural clay till at the site will provide adequate support for grade supported basement floors, concrete garage slabs, driveways and parking slabs, provided the subgrade is adequately prepared by stripping topsoil and fill, and reconstruction to achieve design elevations by placement of thin lifts compacted to a minimum of 98 percent of Standard Proctor Maximum Dry Density (SPMDD).



Following preparation of the subgrade surface, a levelling course of 25 mm nominal size well graded crushed gravel at least 150 mm in compacted thickness is recommended directly beneath the slabs. The gravel should also be compacted to at least 98 percent of SPMDD.

For the basement floor slabs, a 150 mm minimum thickness of 25 mm crushed washed rock should be used instead of the well graded crushed gravel.

The excavated subgrade for the slabs on grade should be protected at all times from rain, snow, freezing temperatures, excessive drying and the ingress of free water. To minimize the potential negative effects of settlement or heave in soil below the slabs, it would be preferable to allow slabs to float with no rigid connections to walls or foundation elements except at doorways.

Some relative movement between the slabs-on-grade and adjacent walls or foundations and differential movements within the slabs should be anticipated. Where recommendations outlined in this report are followed, these movements are expected to be within tolerable limits.

3.2 Concrete Mix Considerations

In general, the natural mineral soil deposits in the Lethbridge area contain high levels of water soluble sulphates, indicating severe to very severe potential for sulphate attack on concrete in contact with native mineral soil deposits. Based on the CSA Standard A23.1-09 the Class of Exposure for concrete elements in contact with the clay soils is S-2. Accordingly, sulphate resisting cement (i.e., Type HS, formerly Type 50) should be used in the manufacture of concrete in contact with soil at this site. For durability purposes the concrete must have a maximum water to cementitious materials ratio of 0.45, and a minimum 56 day compressive strength of 32 MPa. Air entrainment and curing should follow CSA A23.1-09 Table 2 requirements.

An air entrainment agent is recommended for concrete exposed to cyclic freeze-thaw action. In addition to the improved durability, the air entraining will provide improved workability of the plastic concrete.

3.3 Onsite Sanitary Sewage Disposal

It is understood that the subject lots will be serviced by private sewage systems which will be developed by the buyer of the individual lots in conjunction the design and construction of proposed residences.

The design and construction of private onsite sanitary sewage disposal systems in Alberta is subject to the requirements of the *Alberta Private Sewage Systems Standard of Practise 2015* (hereafter referred to as the *2015 Standard*).

One of the most significant changes recent changes encompassed in the 2015 Standard compared to prior to the 2009 standard of practice is a shift from a design based on percolation testing to a design based on soil profile and textural classification. Percolation rates can only be used to support a design based on soil profile.



In accordance with 2015 Standard, a site (i.e., lot) specific evaluation and report is required to support the detailed design and construction of individual private sewage systems. Detailed requirements for the Site Evaluation are provided in Part 7 of the 2015 Standard.

Using the results of the Site Evaluation, a type of private sewage system best suited for the site is proposed. Selection of the type of system is based on various factors including soil profile, vertical separation between groundwater or impervious layer and point of effluent infiltration, design effluent volume and anticipated effluent strength.

The typical and most cost efficient private sewage system for a single family residential lot generally involves primary treatment of effluent using a septic tank with discharge to a conventional treatment field. The treatment field typically utilizes perforated piping laid in a bed of gravel in trenches which distributes the effluent within a series of trenches to the natural subsurface soils.

Where there are limits imposed by proximity to water table or very low permeable soils, a treatment mound can be considered as an alternative to a conventional treatment field. A treatment mound generally refers to a system where effluent from a septic tank is distributed onto an imported sand layer that is constructed above grade. In this case, the effluent must be discharged into the treatment mound using a pressurized system. Accordingly, the costs associated with importing sand for the treatment mound and operation of a discharge pump make this style of treatment system more costly than the conventional treatment field.

As an alternative, secondary treatment of the effluent can be considered. Secondary treatment of the effluent, as outlined in Part 5 of the *2015 Standard*, can be carried out by means of a sand filter, a re-circulating gravel filter, or a Packaged Sewage Treatment Plant. Where effluent quality meets Level 2 or better (as outlined in Table 5.1.1.1 of the 2015 Standard), the options for disposal of the effluent are less restrictive, and effluent may even be used for sub-surface drip dispersal and irrigation (subject to Section 8.5 of the 2015 Standard).

For the proposed lots, groundwater was measured at depths ranging between about 2.1 m and 4.5 m below existing grades, as detailed in the previous Section 2.2. The groundwater depths observed generally satisfy the vertical separation requirements for soil-based treatment as outlined in Paragraph 8.1.1.4 of the 2015 Standard.

Based on the current investigation and visual review of samples recovered from boreholes at the site, the soils indicate a textural classification ranging between about SiCL (silty clay loam) to C (clay). Based on the results of the textural classification, the site is considered marginally suitable for effluent discharge using a conventional treatment field, and a treatment mound or secondary treatment of the effluent may be warranted.

It is noted that the detailed design of each proposed discharge field must be based on a soil profile assessment and textural classification of test pits within the footprint of the proposed discharge fields, and that these textural classifications will vary somewhat from the classification indicated above.



4.0 CLOSURE

The recommendations given in the above sections are based upon interpreted conditions found within the four boreholes advanced at this site. Should subsurface conditions other than those presented in this report be encountered during construction, the Client should notify our office so that these recommendations can be reviewed.

Soil conditions, by their nature, can be highly variable across a site. A contingency should be included in the construction budget to allow for the possibility of variations in soil conditions, which may result in modification of the design, and/or changes in the construction procedures.

It is noted that the recommendations outlined herein are considered 'preliminary' relative to the actual design, development and construction of proposed residences within the subject site. Further investigation and analyses may be required to support detailed design and construction of the proposed development.

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Martin Geomatic Consultants Ltd. and their designers for the specific application to the development described in this report. Any use that a third party makes of this report, or any reliance or decisions based on this report are the sole responsibility of those parties. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted soil and foundation engineering practices. No other warranty, express or implied, is made.

We trust that this report satisfies your present requirements, and we look forward to assisting you in the completion of this project. Should you have any questions, please contact the undersigned at your convenience.

Yours truly,

Amec Foster Wheeler Environment & Infrastructure

A division of Amec Foster Wheeler Americas Ltd.

ES

Co-Authored by:

Mohamadjavad Sheikhtaheri, M.A.Sc

Geotechnical EIT

John Lobbezoo, P.Eng.

Senior Geotechnical Engineer

Attachments:

Figure 1 Borehole Location Plan

Borehole Logs

Explanation of Symbols and Terms

APEGA PERMIT P04546



469 - 40th Street South Lethbridge, Alberta CANADA T1J 4M1 Tel. (403) 327-7474 Fax (403) 327-7682

amec foster wheeler



Martin Geomatics Consultants Ltd.

	, ,				
TITLE	BOREHOLE LOCATION	PLAN	DWN BY: BJ	DATUM: NA	DATE: AUGUST 2016
PROJECT	Proposed Rural Residential S SW1-9-21-W4M near Lethbridge, Albe		SCALE: NTS	BX30428	FIGURE 1

PROJECT: Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision DRILLER: Chilako Drilling Services Ltd.						REHOLE NO: BH16-01
CLIENT: Martin Geomatic Consultants Ltd		DRILL/METHOD: Truck Mo	unted C-1150 Dril	I/ SSA	PR	OJECT NO: BX30428
LOCATION: South of the proposed develo	pment area. Re	efer to Figure 1			ELE	EVATION:
SAMPLE TYPE Shelby Tube	✓ No Recove	ery SPT Test (N)	Grab Sample)	Split	t-Pen Core
BACKFILL TYPE Bentonite	Pea Grave	el Slough	Grout		Drill	Cuttings Sand
OBUTE STANDARD PEN (N) ■ 20 40 60 80 PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID PLASTIC		SOIL DESCRIPTION		SPT (N) SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO SLOTTED	OTHER TESTS COMMENTS COMMENTS
20 40 60 80 -1 -1 -1 -2 -3 -3 -4 -4 -4 -5 -6 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7 -7	moist CLAY - medium intermittent sa stiff below 3.1 CLAY TILL - me stiff, brown, mois End of Borehole Notes: 1. Borehole log to Wheeler report used on logs rowed on logs rowed 2. Seepage from 3. 25 mm PVC stoked shand slotted for backfilled with	dium plastic, silty, sandy, mottled, plastic, silty, sandy, firm to stiff, but and lenses, wet dium plastic, silty, sandy, trace gist e at 5.05 m depth o be read in conjunction with Ame t BX30428. For definitions of temefer to sheets following logs. 2.0 m depth, at completion of dritandpipe installed upon completic from 1 m to 5.05 m depth. Annular drill cuttings; bentonite cap at sumeasured at 2.12 m depth on Aug	ec Foster ns and symbols lling. on of drilling, space rface. gust 18, 2016.	6 8	S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6	COMPLETION DEPTH: 5.05 m
Allier Logiel Allieriel	ro	REVI	EWED BY: JL			COMPLETION DATE: 3/8/16
g Environment & Infrastructu					Page 1 of 1	

PROJ	ECT: Proposed Ru	rilling Services I	₋td.		BOF	REHOLE N	O: BH16-02				
CLIEN	IT: Martin Geomat	tic Consultants Ltd.		DRILL/METHOD: Truck Mounted C-1150 Drill/ SSA F					PROJECT NO: BX30428		
LOCA	TION: Centre of t	he proposed devel	opment area. R	efer to Figure 1				ELE	VATION: -	-	
SAMP	PLE TYPE	Shelby Tube	☑ No Recove	ery SPT Test	(N) G	rab Sample		Split-	Pen	Core	
BACK	FILL TYPE	Bentonite	Pea Grave	el Slough	∏ G	rout		Drill	Cuttings	Sand	
Depth (m)	PLASTIC M.C.	PEN (N) ■ 060 80	TOPSOIL (100 r	SOIL DESCRIPTIO	DN	N Edo	SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLE NO SLOTTED	PIEZOMETER C	HER TESTS OMMENTS	Depth (m)
10 16/08/19 10:13 АМ (ВОRЕНОІЕ LOG) 10 16/08/19 10:13 АМ (ВОRЕНОІЕ LOG) 10 16/08/19 10:13 АМ (ВОRЕНОІЕ LOG)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Vheeler	CLAY TILL - mer stiff, brown, mois intermittent thin intermittent thin Notes: 1. Borehole log to Wheeler report used on logs roward on logs roward and slotted from backfilled with	dium plastic, silty, sandy	with Amec Foster is of terms and syrogs. om of drilling. ompletion of drillir Annular space ap at surface.	mbols ag,				DN DEPTH: 5.05 DN DATE: 3/8/16	m
∯ En	vironment &		VENIENSED R.	ı. JL			OOMPLETIC		ge 1 of 1		
m I					- 1					Pa	y c i Ull

PROJI	ECT: Proposed R	tural Residential	Subdivision	DRILLER: C	Chilako Drilling S	Services Ltd.		BORE	EHOLE NO: BH16-03		
CLIEN	IT: Martin Geoma	tic Consultants L	.td.	DRILL/METHOD: Truck Mounted C-1150 Drill/ SSA PF					ROJECT NO: BX30428		
LOCA	TION: Proposed	dugout/berm are	ea. Refer to Figure	1				ELEV	/ation:		
SAMP	LE TYPE	Shelby Tube	☑ No Reco	/ery	SPT Test (N)	Grab Sample		Split-P	en Core		
BACK	FILL TYPE	Bentonite	Pea Grav	el	Slough	Grout	8	Drill Cu	uttings Sand		
Depth (m)	STANDARD 20 40 PLASTIC M.C.	60 80 >			SOIL CRIPTION		SPT (N)	SAMPLE TYPE SAMPLE NO	OTHER TESTS COMMENTS	Depth (m)	
BX30428.GPJ 16/08/19 10:13 AM (BOREHOLE LOG) O	20 40	60 80	CLAY TILL - m inclusions, very End of Boreho Notes: 1. Borehole log report BX304 refer to sheel	edium plastic, silty, sa edium plastic, sil stiff, brown, moi stiff, brown, moi to be read in cor 28. For definition s following logs. n and dry at cor	ilty, sandy, trace on the same of the same of terms and same of terms and same of the same	moist to very moist gravel, coal & oxide nec Foster Wheeler ymbols used on logs g.		S1 S2 S3	PP = 2.0 kg/cm². PP = 2.5 kg/cm².		
0 16/08/19 10:13 A											
Δm	ec Foster V	Vheeler				GGED BY: SR			OMPLETION DEPTH: 4.50		
54 Fn	/ironment &		ure		REV	/IEWED BY: JL		C	COMPLETION DATE: 3/8/16		
* L'''	an Ommerit O	. mmasuuci							Pi	age 1 of 1	

End of Borehole at 5.05 m depth Notes: 1. Borehole log to be read in conjunction with Amec Foster Wheeler report BX30428. For definitions of terms and symbols used on logs refer to sheets following logs. sheets following logs. 2. Borehole open and dry at completion of drilling. 3. 25 mm PVC standpipe installed upon completion of drilling, hand slotted from 1 m to 5.05 m depth. Annular space backfilled with drill cuttings; bentonite cap at surface. 5. Groundwater measured at 4.44 m depth on August 18, 2016.	PROJECT: Proposed Rural Residential Subdivision DRILLER: Chilako Drilling Services Ltd. BOREHOLE NO: BH16-04								
SAMPLE TYPE Shelby Tube Shelby	CLIENT: Martin Geomatic Consultants Ltd.	DRILL/METHOD: True	ck Mounted C-1150 Drill/ SSA	PROJECT NO: BX30428					
BACKFILL TYPE Sentonite Pea Gravel South Continues Solutions of the Solution of Solution of Solutions of the Solution of Solution of Solutions of the Solution of Solution of Solutions of the Solutions of th	LOCATION: North of the proposed develop	ment area. Refer to Figure 1		ELEVATION:					
SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL DESCRIPTION OTHER TESTS COMMENTS A TOPSOIL (100 mm thick) CLAY-medium plastic, silty, sandy, trace gravel, stiff to very stiff, brown, damp to moist CLAY thick plastic, silty, sandy, trace gravel, stiff to very stiff, brown, damp to moist CLAY thick plastic, silty, sandy, trace gravel, coal & sale and stiff to very stiff, brown, moist Topsochole at 5.05 m depth Solid so	SAMPLE TYPE Shelby Tube	No Recovery SPT Test (N	N) Grab Sample	Split-Pen Core					
TOPSOIL (100 mm thick) CLAY - medium plastic, silty, sandy, trace gravel, stiff to very stiff, brown, damp to moist very stiff below 1.5 m depth very stiff below 1.5 m depth very stiff, brown, moist .	BACKFILL TYPE Bentonite	Pea Gravel Slough	Grout	Drill Cuttings Sand					
ToPsOIL 1(0) missite, silly, sandy, trace gravel, stiff to very stiff, brown, damp to moist very stiff below 1.5 m depth very stiff, brown, moist very	PLASTIC M.C. LIQUID		SPT (N) SAMPLE TYPE SAMPLE TYPE	SLOTTED PIEZOMETER COMETER COMMENTS COMMENTS					
Environment & Infrastructure REVIEWED BY: JL COMPLETION DATE: 3/8/16	-1 -1 -2 -3 -3 -6 -1 -6 -1 -7 -7	CLAY - medium plastic, silty, sandy, trace estiff, brown, damp to moist very stiff below 1.5 m depth CLAY TILL - medium plastic, silty, sandy, to oxide inclusions, very stiff, brown, moist End of Borehole at 5.05 m depth Notes: 1. Borehole log to be read in conjunction with Wheeler report BX30428. For definitions used on logs refer to sheets following logs sheets following logs. 2. Borehole open and dry at completion of 3. 25 mm PVC standpipe installed upon conhand slotted from 1 m to 5.05 m depth. A backfilled with drill cuttings; bentonite ca	race gravel, coal & S1 26	-4 -4 -5 -6 -7 -7					
Environment & Infrastructure	Amec Foster Wheeler								
i Faue i ui i	Environment & Infrastructure	е	Page 1 of						

EXPLANATION OF TERMS AND SYMBOLS

The terms and symbols used on the borehole logs to summarize the results of field investigation and subsequent laboratory testing are described in these pages.

It should be noted that materials, boundaries and conditions have been established only at the borehole locations at the time of investigation and are not necessarily representative of subsurface conditions elsewhere across the site.

TEST DATA

Data obtained during the field investigation and from laboratory testing are shown at the appropriate depth interval.

Abbreviations, graphic symbols, and relevant test method designations are as follows:

*C	Consolidation test	*ST	Swelling test
D_R	Relative density	TV	Torvane shear strength
*k	Permeability coefficient	VS	Vane shear strength
*MA	Mechanical grain size analysis	W	Natural Moisture Content (ASTM D2216)
	and hydrometer test	Wı	Liquid limit (ASTM D 423)
N	Standard Penetration Test (CSA A119.1-60)	\mathbf{W}_{p}	Plastic Limit (ASTM D 424)
N_{d}	Dynamic cone penetration test	Ef	Unit strain at failure
NP	Non plastic soil	γ	Unit weight of soil or rock
pp	Pocket penetrometer strength (kg/cm²)	γd	Dry unit weight of soil or rock
*q	Triaxial compression test	ρ	Density of soil or rock
$q_{\rm u}$	Unconfined compressive strength	$\rho_{\sf d}$	Dry Density of soil or rock
*SB	Shearbox test	C_{u}	Undrained shear strength
SO ₄	Concentration of water-soluble sulphate	\rightarrow	Seepage
		<u> </u>	Observed water level

^{*} The results of these tests are usually reported separately

Soils are classified and described according to their engineering properties and behaviour.

The soil of each stratum is described using the Unified Soil Classification System¹ modified slightly so that an inorganic clay of "medium plasticity" is recognized.

The modifying adjectives used to define the actual or estimated percentage range by weight of minor components are consistent with the Canadian Foundation Engineering Manual².

Relative Density and Consistency:

Cohesion	nless Soils		Cohesive Soils	
Relative Density	SPT (N) Value	Consistency	Undrained Shear Strength c _u (kPa)	Approximate SPT (N) Value
Very Loose	0-4	Very Soft	0-12	0-2
Loose	4-10	Soft	12-25	2-4
Compact	10-30	Firm	25-50	4-8
Dense	30-50	Stiff	50-100	8-15
Very Dense	>50	Very Stiff	100-200	15-30
•		Hard	>200	>30

Standard Penetration Resistance ("N" value)

The number of blows by a 63.6kg hammer dropped 760 mm to drive a 50 mm diameter open sampler attached to "A" drill rods for a distance of 300 mm.

[&]quot;Unified Soil Classification System", Technical Memorandum 36-357 prepared by Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi, Corps of Engineers, U.S. Army. Vol. 1 March 1953.

² "Canadian Foundation Engineering Manual", 4th Edition, Canadian Geotechnical Society, 2006.

		M	ODIFIED	UNIFIED C	CLASSIFIC	CATION SYSTEM FOR SOILS			
					COLOUR CODE	TYPICAL DESCRIPTION LABORATORY CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA			
mm)	빌z E	CLEAN GRAVELS	GW	47474747	RED	WELL GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND $C_U = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}} > 4; C_C = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}} = 1 \text{ to } 3$			
HAN 75	GRAVELS MORE THAN HALF THE COARSE FRACTION LARGER THAN 4.75mm	(LITTLE OR NO FINES)	GP	7474747 7474747	RED	POORLY GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES REQUIREMENTS			
OILS RGER T		DIRTY GRAVELS	GM		YELLOW	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND-SILT MIXTURES CONTENT OF FINES ATTERBERG LIMITS BELOW "A" LINE OR P.I. LESS THAN 4			
AINED S GHT LA	MOF CC LAR	(WITH SOME FINES)	GC		YELLOW	CLAYEY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND- CLAY MIXTURES EXCEEDS ATTERBERG LIMITS ABOVE "A" LINE P.I. MORE THAN 7			
COARSE GRAINED SOILS HALF BY WEIGHT LARGEF	THE ON 5mm	CLEAN SANDS (LITTLE OR NO	SW		RED	WELL GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES $C_U = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}} > 6; C_C = \frac{(D_{60})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}} = 1 \text{ to } 3$			
COAF N HALF	SANDS THAN HALF I SE FRACTIC R THAN 4.76	FINES)	SP		RED	POORLY GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY NOT MEETING ABOVE SANDS, LITTLE OR NO FINES REQUIREMENTS			
COARSE GRAINED SOILS (MORE THAN HALF BY WEIGHT LARGER THAN 75µm)	SANDS MORE THAN HALF THE COARSE FRACTION SMALLER THAN 4.75mm	DIRTY SANDS (WITH SOME	SM		YELLOW	SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES CONTENT OF FINES ATTERBERG LIMITS BELOW "A" LINE OR P.I. LESS THAN 4			
OW)	WO C SWA	FINES)	SC		YELLOW	CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES EXCEEDS 12 % ATTERBERG LIMITS ABOVE "A" LINE P.I. MORE THAN 7			
175µm)	TS 'A" LINE GIBLE ANIC	W _L < 50%	ML		GREEN	INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY SANDS OF SLIGHT PLASTICITY			
ER THAN	SILTS BELOW "A" LINE NEGLIGIBLE ORGANIC CONTENT	W _L < 50%	МН		BLUE	INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS, FINE SANDS OR SILTY SOILS			
SOILS	CLAYS ABOVE "A" LINE NEGLIGIBLE ORGANIC CONTENT	W _L < 30%	CL		GREEN	INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY, SANDY PLASTICITY CHAYS, LEAN CLAYS C(SEE BELOW)			
FINE-GRAINED LF BY WEIGHT		30% <w<sub>L< 50%</w<sub>	CI		GREEN- BLUE	INORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM PLASTICITY, SILTY CLAYS			
FINE-GF LF BY V		W _L > 50%	СН		BLUE	INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS			
FINE-GRAINED SOILS E THAN HALF BY WEIGHT SMALLER THAN 75μm)	ANIC SILTS CLAYS W "A" LINE	W _L < 50%	OL		GREEN	ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY WHENEVER THE NATURE OF THE FINES CONTENT HAS NOT BEEN DETERMINED, IS DESIGNATED BY THE LETTER "F". E.G.			
(MORE	ORGAI & C BELOV	W _L > 50%			BLUE	ORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY			
	HIGHLY ORG		Pt		ORANGE	PEAT AND OTHER HIGHLY STRONG COLOUR OR ODOUR, AND OFTE FIBEROUS TEXTURE			
		SPECIAL S		H		PLASTICITY CHART FOR			
LIM	IESTONE		OILSAND	<u>.</u>	NY NY	SOILS PASSING 425 μm SIEVE			
	NDSTONE TSTONE		SHALE FILL (UNDIFFI	ERENTIATED)	*****	50			
		SOIL COM			****	(%) X M Q 40			
FRACTION U.S. STANDARD SIEVE SIZE		DEFINING RANGES PERCENTAGE BY WEI MINOR COMPONEI		IGHT OF	E LOUIS 30 CI CI OH & MH				
GRAVEL PASSING RETAINED		PERCE		DESCRIPTOR	20 CL				
	COARSE	76mm 19mm			-	10			
		19mm 4.75mm	35-50)	AND	7 4 CL - ML . ML & OL			
SAND		20-35	5	Y/EY	0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100				
COARSE 4.75mm 2.00mm 20-35 MEDIUM 2.00mm 425µm 42.00m				LIQUID LIMIT (%)					
	FINE	2.00mm 425μm 425μm 75μm	10-20)	SOME	NOTES: 1. ALL SIEVE SIZES MENTIONED ON THIS CHART ARE U.S. STANDARD A.S.T.M. E.11			
FINES (SILT OR CLAY BASED ON 75μm PLASTICITY)			1-10		TRACE	COARSE GRAIN SOILS WITH 5 TO 12% FINES GIVEN COMBINED GROUP SYMBOLS, E.G. GW-GC IS A WELL GRADED GRAVEL SAND MIXTURE WITH CLAY BINDER BETWEEN 5 AND 12% FINES.			
OVERSIZED MATERIAL						•			

ROUNDED OR SUBROUNDED: COBBLES 76mm TO 200mm BOULDERS > 200mm NOT ROUNDED:
ROCK FRAGMENTS > 76mm
ROCKS > 0.76 CUBIC METRE IN VOLUME



APPENDIX B

SWMM MODEL RESULTS

SITE DRAINANGE ANALYSIS ENERCLEAN THOMSON SUBDIVISION SW-1-9-21-WM4 LETHBRIDGE COUNTY ALBERTA Pre-Development
Runoff Analysis
EPA SWMM 5.1



```
[OPTIONS]
;;Options
                     Value
FLOW_UNITS
                     CMS
INFILTRATION
                     GREEN_AMPT
FLOW_ROUTING
                     DYNWAVE
START_DATE
                     06/30/2016
START_TIME
                     00:00:00
REPORT_START_DATE
                     06/30/2016
REPORT_START_TIME
                     00:00:00
END_DATE
                     07/01/2016
END_TIME
                     00:00:00
SWEEP_START
                     01/01
SWEEP_END
                     12/31
DRY_DAYS
                     0
REPORT_STEP
                     00:01:00
WET_STEP
                     00:05:00
DRY_STEP
                     00:05:00
ROUTING_STEP
                     5
ALLOW_PONDING
                     YES
INERTIAL_DAMPING
                     PARTIAL
VARIABLE_STEP
                     0.75
LENGTHENING_STEP
                     0
MIN_SURFAREA
                     0
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED
                     BOTH
SKIP_STEADY_STATE
                     NO
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION
                     H-W
LINK_OFFSETS
                     DEPTH
MIN_SLOPE
                     0
MAX_TRIALS
                     0.0015
HEAD_TOLERANCE
SYS_FLOW_TOL
LAT_FLOW_TOL
                     5
MINIMUM_STEP
                     0.5
THREADS
                     1
[EVAPORATION]
;;Type
                Parameters
;;-----
CONSTANT
             0.0
DRY_ONLY
             NO
[RAINGAGES]
;;
                      Rain
                                Time
                                       Snow
                                              Data
```

[TITLE]

;;Name	Type		Catch Sou	ırce					
Lethbridge_100yr			1.0 TIM	ESERIES Le	thbridge_	100yr_24hr			
[SUBCATCHMENTS];;;;Name	Raingage	Outl		Total Area	Pcnt. Imperv	Width	-	gth Pac	k
;; Pre_1 Pre_2	Lethbridge	e_100yr_24hr e_100yr_24hr	J1	5.407	5	237.149 172.697			
[SUBAREAS];;Subcatchment	_		S-Imperv	S-Perv	PctZero	RouteT	'o PctRout	ed	
;; Pre_1 Pre_2	0.015 0.015		1.28 1.4		0	OUTLET OUTLET			
[INFILTRATION];;Subcatchment	Suction	HydCon	IMDmax						
;; Pre_1 Pre_2	127.85 127.85	10	0.357 0.357						
[OUTFALLS] ;; ;;Name	Invert Elev.	- 2 L -	Stage/Ta Time Ser	ble Ties G	ide ate Route	То			
;; OF1 OF2	898.52 899.59	FREE FREE			O O		-		
[STORAGE] ;; ;;Name	Elev. I	Max. Ini Depth Dep	th Curve	_			Ponded Area	Frac.	Infiltration parameters
;; J1 J2	898.54 2	2.46 0 1.35 0	TABUI		orth_chan outh_depr		0 0	0	
[CONDUITS] ;; ;;Name	Inlet Node	Outl Node		Length	Mannin _e N	g Inlet Offse		Flow	
;; C1 C2	J1 J2	OF1 OF2		17.6 8	0.022	0 0	0	0	0 0
[XSECTIONS];;Link	Shape	Geom1	Ge	eom2 G	eom3	Geom4	Barrels		

```
C1
                             0.45
                                             0
                                                        0
                                                                  0
                CIRCULAR
                                                                             1
C2
                CIRCULAR
                             0.3
                                                                  0
                                                                             1
[LOSSES]
;;Link
                Inlet
                           Outlet
                                                Flap Gate SeepageRate
                                     Average
[CURVES]
;;Name
                Type
                           X-Value
                                     Y-Value
;;-----
ex.north_channel Storage
                           0
                                     2
ex.north_channel
                           . 2
                                     33
ex.north_channel
                           . 4
                                     105
ex.north_channel
                                     333
                           . 6
ex.north_channel
                           . 8
                                     545
ex.south_depression Storage
                                        15
ex.south_depression
                              0.2
                                        750
ex.south_depression
                              0.4
                                        2387
[TIMESERIES]
                           Time
                                     Value
;;Name
                Date
;;-----
;Chicago design storm, a = 1019.2, b = 0, c = 0.731, Duration = 1440 minutes, r = 0.35, rain units = mm/hr.
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               0:00
                                          1.352
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:05
                                          1.361
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:10
                                          1.372
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:15
                                          1.382
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:20
                                          1.392
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               0:25
                                          1.403
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               0:30
                                          1.414
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:35
                                          1.425
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               0:40
                                          1.436
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:45
                                          1.448
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:50
                                          1.459
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                                0:55
                                          1.471
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:00
                                          1.483
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:05
                                          1.496
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:10
                                          1.509
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:15
                                          1.521
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:20
                                          1.535
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:25
                                          1.548
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:30
                                          1.562
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:35
                                          1.576
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr
                               1:40
                                          1.59
```

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:45	1.605
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:50	1.62
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:55	1.635
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:00	1.651
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:05	1.667
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:10	1.683
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:15	1.7
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:20	1.717
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:25	1.735
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:30	1.753
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:35	1.771
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:40	1.79
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:45	1.809
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:50	1.829
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:55	1.85
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:00	1.871
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:05	1.892
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:10	1.914
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:15	1.937
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:20	1.961
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:25	1.985
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:30	2.009
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:35	2.035
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:40	2.061
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:45	2.089
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:50	2.117
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:55	2.146
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:00	2.176
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:05	2.206
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:10	2.238
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:15	2.272
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:20	2.306
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:25	2.341
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:30	2.378
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:35	2.416
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:40	2.456
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:45	2.498
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:50	2.541
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:55	2.585
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:00	2.632
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:05	2.681
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:10	2.732
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:15	2.785
Tothbridge_100y1_24III		
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:20	2.841
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:25	2.9
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:30	2.961

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:35	3.026
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:40	3.094
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:45	3.166
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:50	3.242
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:55	3.323
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:00	3.408
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:05	3.499
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:10	3.596
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:15	3.699
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:20	3.81
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:25	3.929
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:30	4.057
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:35	4.195
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:40	4.346
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:45	4.509
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:50	4.688
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:55	4.885
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:00	5.102
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:05	5.344
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:10	5.615
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:15	5.921
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:20	6.269
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:25	6.67
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:30	7.139
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:35	7.693
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:40	8.361
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:45	9.186
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:50	10.234
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:55	11.619
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:00	13.551
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:05	16.477
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:10	21.566
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:15	33.491
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:20	286.165
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:25	92.134
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:30	42.664
		30.072
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:35	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:40	23.803
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:45	19.955
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:50	17.317
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:55	15.38
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:00	13.889
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:05	12.7
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:10	11.728
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:15	10.915
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:20	10.224

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:25	9.629
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:30	9.109
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:35	8.652
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:40	8.245
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:45	7.881
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:50	7.553
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:55	7.255
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:00	6.984
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:05	6.736
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:10	6.507
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:15	6.296
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:20	6.101
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:25	5.919
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:30	5.75
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:35	5.592
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:40	5.444
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:45	5.304
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:50	5.173
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:55	5.049
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:00	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr		4.822
	11:05	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:10	4.717
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:15	4.617
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:20	4.522
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:25	4.431
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:30	4.345
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:35	4.263
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:40	4.184
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:45	4.109
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:50	4.036
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:55	3.967
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:00	3.901
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:05	3.837
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:10	3.775
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:15	3.716
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:20	3.659
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:25	3.604
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:30	3.55
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:35	3.499
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:40	3.449
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:45	3.401
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:50	3.355
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:55	3.31
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:00	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:00	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:10	3.183
necimi rage_100yr_24III	13.10	3.103

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:15	3.144
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:20	3.105
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:25	3.068
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:30	3.031
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:35	2.996
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:40	2.961
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:45	2.928
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:50	2.895
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:55	2.863
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:00	2.832
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:05	2.802
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:10	2.773
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:15	2.744
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:20	2.716
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:25	2.689
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:30	2.662
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:35	2.636
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:40	2.61
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:45	2.585
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:50	2.561
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:55	2.537
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:00	2.514
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:05	2.491
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:10	2.469
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:15	2.447
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:20	2.425
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:25	2.404
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:30	2.384
Letibilage_100yr_24iir	15:35	2.364
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr		
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:40	2.344
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:45	2.325
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:50	2.306
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:55	2.287
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:00	2.269
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:05	2.251
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:10	2.233
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:15	2.216
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:20	2.199
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:25	2.183
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:30	2.166
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:35	2.15
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:40	2.134
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:45	
Letibirides 100r 041		2.119
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:50	2.104
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:55	2.089
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:00	2.074

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:05	2.059
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:10	2.045
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:15	2.031
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:20	2.017
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:25	2.004
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:30	1.99
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:35	1.977
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:40	1.964
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:45	1.951
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:50	1.939
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:55	1.926
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:00	1.914
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:05	1.902
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:10	1.89
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:15	1.879
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:20	1.867
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:25	1.856
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:30	1.845
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:35	1.834
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:40	1.823
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:45	1.812
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:50	1.802
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:55	1.791
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:00	1.781
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:05	1.771
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:10	1.761
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:15	1.751
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:15	1.741
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:25	1.732
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:30	1.722
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:35	1.713
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:40	1.713
	19:45	1.704
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr		
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:50	1.686
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:55	1.677
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:00	1.668
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:05	1.659
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:10	1.651
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:15	1.642
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:20	1.634
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:25	1.626
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:30	1.617
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:35	1.609
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:40	1.601
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:45	1.593
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:50	1.586

20:55	1.578
21:00	1.57
21:05	1.563
21:10	1.555
21:15	1.548
21:20	1.541
21:25	1.534
21:30	1.526
21:35	1.519
21:40	1.512
21:45	1.506
21:50	1.499
21:55	1.492
	1.485
	1.479
	1.472
22:15	1.466
22:20	1.459
22:25	1.453
22:30	1.447
22:35	1.441
22:40	1.434
22:45	1.428
	1.422
	1.416
	1.411
	1.405
	1.399
	1.393
	1.387
	1.382
	1.376
	1.371
	1.365
	1.36
23:50	1.355
	1.349
24:00	0
	21:10 21:15 21:20 21:25 21:30 21:35 21:40 21:45 21:50 21:55 22:00 22:05 22:10 22:15 22:20 22:25 22:30 22:35 22:40 22:45 22:45 22:50 22:55 23:00 23:15 23:20 23:25 23:30 23:35 23:40 23:45

[REPORT]

INPUT YES
CONTROLS NO
SUBCATCHMENTS ALL
NODES ALL
LINKS ALL

[TAGS]

[MAP] DIMENSIONS UNITS	374973.372412022 Meters	5506834.08572354	375286.108381399	5507333.95913518
[COORDINATES];;Node	X-Coord	Y-Coord		
OF1 OF2 J1	375117.804 375262.343 375093.931 375242.971	5507267.712 5507006.782 5507251.073		
[VERTICES] ;;Link ;;	X-Coord	Y-Coord		
	X-Coord			
Pre_1	375249.931 374991.411 374999.09 375082.132 375092.317	5507006.959		
Pre_1	374991.411	5507013.633		
Pre_1	374999.09	5507311.238		
Pre_1	375082.132	5507309.321		
Pre_1	375092.317	5507269.396		
Pre_I	375102.537	5507251.51		
Pre_I	375212.407	5507127.729		
Pre_1	375227.738	5507105.017		
Pre_I	3/5/38.242	5507079.466		
Pre_1	375227.738 375238.242 375245.056 375249.931 374991.411	550/040.28/		
Pre_1 Dre_2	3/3249.931 27/001 //11	5507000.959		
Pre 2	375249.931	5507015.033		
Pre 2	375271.893	5506856 807		
	374987.588			
Pre_2	374991.411			
[
[SYMBOLS]		** G 1		
	X-Coord			
<i>i i</i>				

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.010)

Element Count

Number o	эf	rain gages	1
Number o	эf	subcatchments	2
Number o	эf	nodes	4
Number o	эf	links	2
Number o	эf	pollutants	0
Number o	эf	land uses	0

***** Raingage Summary *****

Recording Data Name Data Source Type Interval ______ Lethbridge_100yr_24hr Lethbridge_100yr_24hr INTENSITY 5 min.

****** Subcatchment Summary

Name	Area	Width	%Imperv	%Slope Rain Gage	Outlet
Pre_1	5.41	237.15	5.00	0.6000 Lethbridge_100yr_24	hr J1
Pre 2	4.04	172.70	5.00	0.5000 Lethbridge 100yr 24	hr J2

****** Node Summary *****

Name	Type	Invert Elev.	Max. Depth	Ponded Area	External Inflow
OF1	OUTFALL	898.52	0.45	0.0	
OF2	OUTFALL	899.59	0.30	0.0	
J1	STORAGE	898.54	2.46	0.0	
J2	STORAGE	899.65	1.35	0.0	

Name	From Node	To Node	Type	Length	%Slope R	loughness
C1	J1	OF1	CONDUIT	17.6	0.1136	0.0220
C2	Ј2	OF2	CONDUIT	8.0	0.7500	0.0220

Full Full Hyd. Full Max. No. of Conduit Shape Depth Rad. Width Barrels Flow Area C1 CIRCULAR 0.45 0.16 0.11 0.45 1 0.06 C2 CIRCULAR 0.30 0.07 0.07 0.30 1 0.05

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Flow Units CMS

Process Models:

Rainfall/Runoff YES
RDII NO
Snowmelt NO
Groundwater NO
Flow Routing YES
Ponding Allowed YES
Water Quality NO

Infiltration Method GREEN_AMPT

Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE

Starting Date JUN-30-2016 00:00:00

Ending Date JUL-01-2016 00:00:00

Antecedent Dry Days 0.0
Report Time Step 00:01:00

Routing Time Step	5.00 sec
Variable Time Step	YES
Maximum Trials	8
Number of Threads	1
Head Tolerance	0.001500 m

*******	Volume	Depth
Runoff Quantity Continuity	hectare-m	mm
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Total Precipitation	1.135	120.145
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Infiltration Loss	0.876	92.738
Surface Runoff	0.260	27.517
Final Storage	0.001	0.078
Continuity Error (%)	-0.156	
******	*** - 1	77 - 7
	Volume	Volume
Flow Routing Continuity	hectare-m	10^6 ltr
	0.000	0.000
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000 2.598
Wet Weather Inflow	0.260	
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000
RDII Inflow	0.000	
External Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Outflow	0.260	2.596
Flooding Loss	0.000	0.000
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.000	0.002
Continuity Error (%)	-0.005	

All links are stable.

Routing Time Step Summary ******

Minimum Time Step 1.78 sec Average Time Step 4.09 sec Maximum Time Step 5.00 sec Percent in Steady State 0.00 Average Iterations per Step : 2.00 Percent Not Converging 0.00

******** Subcatchment Runoff Summary ********

Total Total Total Total Total Total Peak Runoff Runoff Precip Runon Evap Infil Runoff Runoff Coeff Subcatchment mm 10^6 ltr CMS mm mm 120.15 0.00 0.00 92.43 27.84 1.51 0.39 Pre_1 0.232 27.09 Pre_2 120.15 0.00 0.00 93.15 1.09 0.28 0.225

****** Node Depth Summary ******

Average Maximum Maximum Time of Max Reported Depth HGL Max Depth Depth Occurrence Node Type Meters Meters Meters days hr:min OF1 OUTFALL 0.08 0.36 898.88 0 08:50 0.11 OF2 OUTFALL 0.08 0.24 899.83 0 09:34 0.07 J1 STORAGE 0.16 0.78 899.32 0 08:50 0.24 J2 STORAGE 0.13 0.40 900.05 0 09:34 0.12

****** Node Inflow Summary ******

Total Flow

Node	Type	Lateral Inflow CMS	Total Inflow CMS	0ccu	of Max rrence hr:min	Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Inflow Volume 10^6 ltr	Balance Error Percent
OF1	OUTFALL	0.000	0.264	0	08:50	0	1.5	0.000
OF2	OUTFALL	0.000	0.094	0	09:34	0	1.09	0.000
J1	STORAGE	0.391	0.391	0	08:25	1.5	1.5	0.001
J2	STORAGE	0.278	0.278	0	08:25	1.09	1.09	0.001

Surcharging occurs when water rises above the top of the highest conduit.

Node	Type	Hours Surcharged	Max. Height Above Crown Meters	Min. Depth Below Rim Meters
J1	STORAGE	1.21	0.326	1.684
J2	STORAGE	2.33	0.103	0.947

No nodes were flooded.

Storage Unit	Average Volume 1000 m3	Avg Pcnt Full	-	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 m3	Max Pcnt Full	Time of Max Occurrence days hr:min	Maximum Outflow CMS
	0.011 0.082	0	0	0 0	0.136 0.397	5 6	0 08:50 0 09:34	0.264

	Flow Freq	Avg Flow	Max Flow	Total Volume
Outfall Node	Pcnt	CMS	CMS	10^6 ltr
OF1 OF2	96.58 95.75	0.036 0.026	0.264 0.094	1.504
System	96.17	0.062	0.348	2.596

C2

Maximum Time of Max Maximum Max/ Max/ |Flow| Full Full Occurrence |Veloc| Link CMS days hr:min m/sec Flow Depth Type ______ C1 0.264 0 08:50 4.64 0.90 CONDUIT 1.75

0.094

CONDUIT

	Adjusted			 Fract	ion of	Time	in Flo	w Clas	s		
Conduit	/Actual Length	Dry	Up Dry		Sub Crit	_	Up Crit	Down Crit	_	Inlet Ctrl	
C1 C2	1.00 1.00	0.03					0.00			0.00	

0 09:34

1.41

1.90

0.90

Hours Hours

Hours Hours
----- Hours Full ----- Above Full Capacity

Conduit	Both Ends	Upstream	Dnstream	Normal Flow	Limited
C1	0.01	1.21	0.01	1.91	0.01
C2	0.01	2.33	0.01	3.03	0.01

Analysis begun on: Tue Jul 26 16:08:03 2016 Analysis ended on: Tue Jul 26 16:08:03 2016 Total elapsed time: < 1 sec

Post-Development
Runoff Analysis
EPA SWMM 5.1



```
[OPTIONS]
;;Options
                     Value
FLOW_UNITS
                     CMS
INFILTRATION
                     GREEN_AMPT
FLOW_ROUTING
                     DYNWAVE
START_DATE
                     06/30/2016
START_TIME
                     00:00:00
REPORT_START_DATE
                     06/30/2016
REPORT_START_TIME
                     00:00:00
END_DATE
                     07/01/2016
END_TIME
                     00:00:00
SWEEP_START
                     01/01
SWEEP_END
                     12/31
DRY_DAYS
                     0
REPORT_STEP
                     00:01:00
WET_STEP
                     00:05:00
DRY_STEP
                     00:05:00
ROUTING_STEP
                     5
ALLOW_PONDING
                     YES
INERTIAL_DAMPING
                     PARTIAL
VARIABLE_STEP
                     0.75
LENGTHENING_STEP
                     0
MIN_SURFAREA
                     0
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITED
                     BOTH
SKIP_STEADY_STATE
                     NO
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATION
                     H-W
LINK_OFFSETS
                     DEPTH
MIN_SLOPE
                     0
MAX_TRIALS
                     0.0015
HEAD_TOLERANCE
SYS_FLOW_TOL
LAT_FLOW_TOL
                     5
MINIMUM_STEP
                     0.5
THREADS
                     1
[EVAPORATION]
;;Type
                Parameters
;;-----
CONSTANT
             0.0
DRY_ONLY
             NO
[RAINGAGES]
;;
                      Rain
                                Time
                                       Snow
                                              Data
```

[TITLE]

;;Name	Туре		Catch So	ource						
Lethbridge_100yr			1.0 T	IMESERIES 1	Lethbridge_	100yr_24h	r			
[SUBCATCHMENTS];; ;;Name	Raingage	Outl	et	Total Area	Pcnt. Imperv	Width	Pcnt. Slope	Curl Leng		
;; Post_1a Post_1b Post_2	Lethbridge Lethbridge	=_100yr_24hr =_100yr_24hr =_100yr_24hr	ex.N	4.642 0.766 4.0411	20 20	203.596 85.111 172.697	0.6 1.3	0 0 0		
[SUBAREAS] ;;Subcatchment ;;	N-Imperv	N-Perv	S-Imperv	S-Perv	PctZero	Route	To F	ctRoute	ed	
Post_1a Post_1b Post_2	0.015 0.015 0.015	0.1 0.1 0.1	1.3 0.88 1.4	3.8 3.8 3.8	0 0 0	OUTLE OUTLE OUTLE	Т			
[INFILTRATION] ;;Subcatchment ;;	Suction	HydCon	IMDmax							
Post_1a Post_1b Post_2	127.9 127.9 127.9	10 10 10	0.36 0.36 0.36							
[OUTFALLS] ;; ;Name	Invert Elev.	Outfall Type	Stage/ Time Se		Tide Gate Route	То				
;; OF1 OF2	898.52 899.59	FREE FREE			NO NO					
[STORAGE] ;; ;;Name	Elev. D	lax. Ini Pepth Dep	th Cur	_	rve rams		Ar	nded ea	Evap. Frac.	Infiltration parameters
;;ex.N Prop.N prop.S	898.54 2 899 1	.46 0 0 .35 0	TAB	JLAR pro	.north_chan op_north_dep opsouth_dep	pression	0	0	0 0 0	
[CONDUITS];;;;Name	Inlet Node	Outl Node		Length	Manning N	g Inle Offs		Outlet Offset	Init Flow	
;; C1	ex.N	OF1		17.6	0.022	0		0	0	0

C3	Prop.N	ex.N		18.13	0.01	0	C)	0	0
[ORIFICES] ;; ;;Name ;;	Inlet Node			Type	Heig	ght Co	oeff.	Gate	Open/Close Time	
C2	prop.S	OF2		SIDE	0		.65	NO	0	
[XSECTIONS];;Link	Shape			om2 Ge						
;;C1 C3 C2	CIRCULAR CIRCULAR CIRCULAR	0.45	0 0 0	0		0 0 0	1 1			
[LOSSES] ;;Link ;;		Outlet								
[CURVES] ;;Name ;;	Type	X-Value								
ex.north_channel ex.north_channel ex.north_channel ex.north_channel ex.north_channel	l Storage L L	0 . 2 . 4 . 6	2 33 105 333 545							
prop_north_depreprop_north_depreprop_north_depre	ession		2900 3350 3890							
propsouth_depres propsouth_depres propsouth_depres propsouth_depres	ssion ssion	ge 0 0.2 0.4 .6	15 750 3000 4000							
[TIMESERIES] ;;Name ;;										
;Chicago design Lethbridge_100yr Lethbridge_100yr Lethbridge_100yr Lethbridge_100yr Lethbridge_100yr	c_24hr c_24hr c_24hr c_24hr	1019.2, b = 0:00 0:05 0:10 0:15 0:20	0, c = 0.7 1.352 1.361 1.372 1.382 1.392		on = 144(0 minutes	, r = 0.3	85, ra	in units = mm	n/hr.

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	0:25	1.403
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	0:30	1.414
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	0:35	1.425
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	0:40	1.436
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	0:45	1.448
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	0:50	1.459
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	0:55	1.471
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:00	1.483
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:05	1.496
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:10	1.509
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:15	1.521
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:20	1.535
	1:25	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr		1.548
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:30	1.562
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:35	1.576
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:40	1.59
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:45	1.605
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:50	1.62
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	1:55	1.635
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:00	1.651
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:05	1.667
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:10	1.683
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:15	1.7
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:20	1.717
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:25	1.735
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:30	1.753
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:35	1.771
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:40	1.79
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:45	1.809
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:50	1.829
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	2:55	1.85
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:00	1.871
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:05	1.892
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:10	1.914
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:15	1.937
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:20	1.961
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:25	1.985
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:30	2.009
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:35	2.035
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:40	2.061
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:45	2.089
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:50	2.117
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	3:55	2.146
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:00	2.176
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:05	2.206
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:10	2.238
TCCIDITAGC_TOOYI_24III	4.10	4.430

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:15	2.272
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:20	2.306
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:25	2.341
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:30	2.378
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:35	2.416
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:40	2.456
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:45	2.498
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:50	2.541
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	4:55	
		2.585
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:00	2.632
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:05	2.681
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:10	2.732
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:15	2.785
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:20	2.841
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:25	2.9
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:30	2.961
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:35	3.026
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:40	3.094
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:45	3.166
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:50	3.242
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	5:55	3.323
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:00	3.408
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:05	3.499
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:10	3.596
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:15	3.699
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:20	3.81
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:25	3.929
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:30	4.057
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:35	4.195
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:40	4.346
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:45	4.509
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:50	4.688
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	6:55	4.885
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:00	5.102
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:05	5.344
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:10	5.615
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:15	5.921
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:20	6.269
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:25	6.67
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:30	7.139
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:35	7.693
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:40	8.361
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:45	9.186
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:50	10.234
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	7:55	11.619
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:00	13.551
	0.00	10,001

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:05	16.477
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:10	21.566
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:15	33.491
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:20	286.165
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:25	92.134
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:30	42.664
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:35	30.072
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:40	23.803
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:45	19.955
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:50	17.317
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	8:55	15.38
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:00	
		13.889
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:05	12.7
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:10	11.728
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:15	10.915
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:20	10.224
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:25	9.629
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:30	9.109
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:35	8.652
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:40	8.245
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:45	7.881
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:50	7.553
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	9:55	7.255
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:00	6.984
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:05	6.736
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:10	6.507
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:15	6.296
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:20	6.101
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:25	5.919
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:30	5.75
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:35	5.592
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:40	5.444
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:45	5.304
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:50	5.173
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	10:55	5.049
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:00	4.932
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:05	4.822
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:10	4.717
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:15	4.617
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:20	4.522
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr		4.431
	11:25	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:30 11:35	4.345 4.263
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr		
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:40	4.184
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:45	4.109
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:50	4.036

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	11:55	3.967
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:00	3.901
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:05	3.837
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:10	3.775
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:15	3.716
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:20	3.659
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:25	3.604
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:30	3.55
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:35	3.499
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:40	3.449
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:45	3.401
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:50	3.355
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	12:55	3.31
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:00	3.267
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:05	3.224
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:10	3.183
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:15	3.144
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:20	3.105
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:25	3.068
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:30	3.031
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:35	2.996
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:40	2.961
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:45	2.928
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:50	2.895
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	13:55	2.863
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:00	2.832
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:05	2.802
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:10	2.773
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:15	2.744
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:20	2.716
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:25	2.689
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:30	2.662
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:35	2.636
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:40	2.61
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:45	2.585
Tabbadda 100 24ba		
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:50	2.561
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	14:55	2.537
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:00	2.514
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:05	2.491
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:10	2.469
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:15	2.447
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:20	2.425
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:25	2.404
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:30	2.384
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:35	2.364
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:40	2.344
J — 1 —		

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:45	2.325
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:50	2.306
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	15:55	2.287
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:00	2.269
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:05	2.251
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:10	2.233
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:15	2.216
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:20	2.199
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:25	2.183
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:30	2.166
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:35	2.15
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:40	2.134
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:45	2.119
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:50	2.119
		2.104
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	16:55	
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:00	2.074
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:05	2.059
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:10	2.045
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:15	2.031
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:20	2.017
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:25	2.004
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:30	1.99
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:35	1.977
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:40	1.964
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:45	1.951
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:50	1.939
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	17:55	1.926
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:00	1.914
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:05	1.902
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:10	1.89
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:15	1.879
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:20	1.867
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:25	1.856
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:30	1.845
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:35	1.834
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:40	1.823
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:45	1.812
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:50	1.802
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	18:55	1.791
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:00	1.781
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:05	1.771
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:10	1.761
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:15	1.751
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:20	1.741
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:25	1.732
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:30	1.722
	17.30	1.122

Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:35	1.713
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:40	1.704
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:45	1.695
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:50	1.686
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	19:55	1.677
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:00	1.668
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:05	1.659
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:10	1.651
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:15	1.642
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:20	1.634
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:25	1.626
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:30	1.617
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:35	1.609
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:40	1.601
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:45	1.593
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:50	1.586
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	20:55	1.578
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:00	1.57
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:05	1.563
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:10	1.555
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:15	1.548
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:20	1.541
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:25	1.534
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:30	1.526
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:35	1.519
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:40	1.512
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:45	1.506
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:50	1.499
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	21:55	1.492
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:00	1.485
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:05	1.479
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:10	1.472
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:15	1.466
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:20	1.459
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:25	1.453
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:30	1.447
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:35	1.441
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:40	1.434
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:45	1.428
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:50	1.422
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	22:55	1.416
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	23:00	1.411
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	23:05	1.405
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	23:10	1.399
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	23:15	1.393
Lethbridge_100yr_24hr	23:20	1.387

Lethbridge_100yr_Lethbr	_24hr _24hr _24hr _24hr _24hr _24hr	23:25 23:30 23:35 23:40 23:45 23:50 23:55 24:00	1.382 1.376 1.371 1.365 1.36 1.355 1.349		
[REPORT] INPUT YES CONTROLS NO SUBCATCHMENTS ALI NODES ALL LINKS ALL	L				
[TAGS]					
[MAP] DIMENSIONS UNITS	374973.372412022 Meters	5506834.08	8572354	375286.108381399	5507333.95913518
[COORDINATES];;Node	X-Coord				
OF1 OF2 ex.N	375117.804 375262.343 375093.931 375090.103	5507267.73 5507006.78 5507251.0	12 82 73 56		
[VERTICES] ;;Link ;;	X-Coord	Y-Coord			
[POLYGONS] ;;Subcatchment ::	X-Coord				
Post_1a Post_1a Post_1a Post_1a Post_1a	374996.255 375099.315 375102.537 375212.407 375227.738 375238.242 375245.056	5507201.35 5507257.14 5507251.53 5507127.73 5507105.03	56 48 1 29 17 66 87		

374991.411	5507013.633
374996.255	5507201.356
375099.315	5507257.148
374996.255	5507201.356
374999.09	5507311.238
375082.132	5507309.321
375092.317	5507269.396
375099.315	5507257.148
374991.411	5507013.633
375249.931	5507006.959
375271.893	5506856.807
374987.588	5506865.488
374991.411	5507013.633
X-Coord	Y-Coord
	374996.255 375099.315 374996.255 374999.09 375082.132 375092.317 375099.315 374991.411 375249.931 375271.893 374987.588 374991.411

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.010)

Element Count

Number of rain gages 1
Number of subcatchments . . . 3
Number of nodes 5
Number of links 3
Number of pollutants 0
Number of land uses 0

Data Recording
Name Data Source Type Interval
Lethbridge 100yr 24hr Lethbridge 100yr 24hr INTENSITY 5 min.

 Post_1a
 4.64
 203.60
 20.00
 0.6000 Lethbridge_100yr_24hr Prop.N

 Post_1b
 0.77
 85.11
 20.00
 1.3000 Lethbridge_100yr_24hr ex.N

 Post_2
 4.04
 172.70
 20.00
 0.5000 Lethbridge_100yr_24hr prop.S

Outlet

Node Summary

Name	Туре	Invert Elev.	Max. Depth	Ponded Area	External Inflow
OF1 OF2	OUTFALL OUTFALL	898.52 899.59	0.45	0.0	
ex.N	STORAGE	898.54	2.46	0.0	
Prop.N	STORAGE	899.00	1.00	0.0	
prop.S	STORAGE	899.65	1.35	0.0	

Name	From Node	To Node	Type	Length	%Slope R	oughness
C1	ex.N	OF1	CONDUIT	17.6	0.1136	0.0220
C3	Prop.N	ex.N	CONDUIT	18.1	2.5380	0.0100
C2	prop.S	OF2	ORIFICE			

Conduit	Shape	Full Depth	Full Area	Hyd. Rad.	Max. Width	No. of Barrels	Full Flow
C1 C3	CIRCULAR CIRCULAR	0.45 0.20	0.16 0.03	0.11 0.05	0.45	1 1	0.06

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step.

Analysis Options *********

Flow Units CMS

Process Models:

Rainfall/Runoff YES
RDII NO
Snowmelt NO
Groundwater NO
Flow Routing YES
Ponding Allowed YES
Water Quality NO

Infiltration Method GREEN_AMPT
Flow Routing Method DYNWAVE

Antecedent Dry Days 0.0

Report Time Step	00:01:00
Wet Time Step	00:05:00
Dry Time Step	00:05:00
Routing Time Step	5.00 sec
Variable Time Step	YES
Maximum Trials	8
Number of Threads	1
Head Tolerance	0.001500 m

*******	Volume	Depth
Runoff Quantity Continuity	hectare-m	mm
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Total Precipitation	1.135	120.145
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Infiltration Loss	0.704	74.550
Surface Runoff	0.432	45.759
Final Storage	0.003	0.364
Continuity Error (%)	-0.439	

*******	Volume	Volume
Flow Routing Continuity	hectare-m	10^6 ltr
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Wet Weather Inflow	0.432	4.321
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Outflow	0.421	4.212
Flooding Loss	0.000	0.000
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.011	0.110
Continuity Error (%)	-0.001	

Link C3 (9.96%) Link C1 (2.52%)

All links are stable.

Routing Time Step Summary ***********

Minimum Time Step : 0.67 sec
Average Time Step : 4.86 sec
Maximum Time Step : 5.00 sec
Percent in Steady State : 0.00
Average Iterations per Step : 2.00
Percent Not Converging : 0.00

Total Total Total Total Peak Runoff Total Evap Infil Runoff Runoff Runoff Coeff Precip Runon Subcatchment mm mm mm 10^6 ltr CMS ______ 120.15 0.00 0.00 74.65 45.64 Post_1a 2.12 0.92 0.380 120.15 120.15 0.00 Post_1b 0.00 70.79 50.05 0.38 0.25 0.417 45.09 Post 2 0.00 75.15 1.82 0.77 0.375

Average Maximum Maximum Time of Max Reported HGL Occurrence Depth Max Depth Depth Meters Meters Meters days hr:min Node Meters 0.09 0.31 898.83 0 08:31 OF1 OUTFALL 0.09 0.00 0.00 899.59 0 00:00 OF2 OUTFALL 0.00 ex.N STORAGE 0.16 0.54 899.08 0 08:31 0.17 0.11 0.42 899.42 0 09:48 Prop.N STORAGE 0.13 0.19 prop.S STORAGE 0.56 900.21 0 09:53 0.17

		Maximum Lateral	Maximum Total	Time	of Max	Lateral Inflow	Total Inflow	Flow Balance
		Inflow	Inflow	0ccu	rrence	Volume	Volume	Error
Node	Type	CMS	CMS	days	hr:min	10^6 ltr	10 ^ 6 ltr	Percent
OF1	OUTFALL	0.000	0.189	0	08:31	0	2.4	0.000
OF2	OUTFALL	0.000	0.061	0	09:53	0	1.82	0.000
ex.N	STORAGE	0.250	0.278	0	08:25	0.383	2.4	0.018
Prop.N	STORAGE	0.925	0.925	0	08:25	2.12	2.12	0.003
prop.S	STORAGE	0.772	0.772	0	08:25	1.82	1.82	0.000

Surcharging occurs when water rises above the top of the highest conduit.

Max. Height Min. Depth

Node	Туре	Hours Surcharged	Above Crown Meters	Below Rim Meters
ex.N Prop.N	STORAGE STORAGE	0.31 5.02	0.094 0.218	1.916 0.582
prop.S	STORAGE	8.12	0.357	0.793

No nodes were flooded.

Average Avg Evap Exfil Maximum Max Time of Max Maximum

Volume Pcnt Pcnt Volume Pcnt Occurrence Outflow

Storage Unit	1000 m3	Full	Loss	Loss	1000 m3	Full	days hr:min	CMS
ex.N	0.004	0	0	0	0.044	2	0 08:31	0.189
Prop.N	0.326	10	0	0	1.292	38	0 09:48	0.076
prop.S	0.205	4	0	0	0.984	18	0 09:53	0.061

	Flow	Avg	Max	Total	
	Freq	Flow	Flow	Volume	
Outfall Node	Pcnt	CMS	CMS	10 ^ 6 ltr	
OF1	96.90	0.030	0.189	2.395	
OF2	95.62	0.023	0.061	1.817	
System	96.26	0.053	0.237	4.212	

Maximum Time of Max Maximum Max/ Max/ |Flow| Occurrence |Veloc| Full Full Link CMS days hr:min m/sec Flow Depth Type ______ C1 CONDUIT 0.189 0 08:31 1.32 3.32 0.84 C3 0.076 2.41 CONDUIT 0 09:57 1.11 1.00 C2 ORIFICE 0.061 0 09:53 1.00

Conduit		Hours Full Upstream		Hours Above Full Normal Flow	Hours Capacity Limited
C1	0.01	0.31	0.01	6.08	0.01
C3	5.02	5.02	7.23	3.24	

Analysis begun on: Tue Aug 02 15:04:17 2016 Analysis ended on: Tue Aug 02 15:04:17 2016

Total elapsed time: < 1 sec